State of Alaska Department of Transportation & Public Facilities



Equal Employment Opportunity Plan

July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

STATEMENT ON EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

As Commissioner and Chief Executive Officer of the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities, I am personally committed to the principles and spirit of Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) for all employees and employment applicants.

Therefore, be it known that it is a fundamental policy of the department to assure equal opportunity in employment to all individuals regardless of race, color, gender, religion, national origin, age, genetic information, veteran status, or disability. The department will provide reasonable accommodations to applicants and employees who need them because of a disability or to practice or observe their religion absent undue hardships. To further assure that appropriate program measures are implemented and monitored, I have designated Deputy Commissioner, Katherine Keith, as our Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Officer, and Administrative Services Deputy Director, Sunny Haight, as our Affirmative Action Officer.

Our Equal Employment Opportunity Program (EEO Program) will encompass all human resource (HR) practices including, but not limited to, recruiting, hiring, transfers, promotions, training, compensation, benefits, recognition, and all forms of employment. EEO positively affects the development of our entire workforce, and an active EEO Program will provide a more positive employment environment which benefits this Department and all of its employees.

For effective administration and implementation of the EEO Program, there must be involvement, commitment and support of executives, managers and supervisors. My office has advised each supervisor, manager and executive in the department that responsibility for positive implementation of the EEO Program will be expected and shared by all management and supervisory personnel. Supervisors, managers and executives have been further advised that they will be held accountable for their actions in this area and will be evaluated in carrying out these responsibilities.

Equal Employment Opportunity is not only the law, but it is fundamental to the department's operations. I expect each employee and manager to cooperate fully by integrating and promoting EEO at all levels. This includes ensuring that complaints alleging discrimination are immediately directed to the EEO Officer or her staff. Retaliation against any individual who files a complaint, participates in an employment discrimination proceeding, or otherwise engages in protected activity is strictly prohibited and will not be tolerated.

As an expression of the commitment to and support of the Department's Equal Employment Opportunity Program, below is my signature, as Commissioner of the Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities and the Equal Employment Opportunity Officer's contact information.

DocuSigned by:

3/19/2024

Date

Ryan Anderson, P.E. Commissioner Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities

EEO Officer: Katherine Keith P.O. Box 112500 (mailing) 3132 Channel Drive Juneau, AK 99811-2500 Telephone: (907)465-3900; TTY/Alaska Relay: 7-1-1 or 1(800)770-8973 Email: <u>katherine.keith@alaska.gov</u>

Alaska DOT&PF Equal Employment Opportunity Plan — FY23

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Aurora over the old Knik River Bridge. Photo by: Lisa Torkelson, Alaska DOT&PF

Preface

The subject of this Equal Employment Opportunity (hereafter "EEO") Plan is the status of Equal Employment Opportunity and Affirmative Action within the Alaska Department of Transportation & Public Facilities (hereafter "the Department" or "DOT&PF"). This Plan is intended to provide an overall view of race and sex employee demographics within the department. Definitions of job and Race and Ethnic categories may be found in the Appendix.

The plan was prepared by the department in collaboration with the Employee Planning and Information Center and the Equal Employment Opportunity Program within the Department of Administration, Division of Personnel & Labor Relations. The department welcomes comments regarding this report. Interested parties should submit feedback in writing to the following:

> Katherine Keith, EEO Officer State of Alaska, Department of Transportation & Public Facilities Division of Administrative Services 3132 Channel Drive MS 2500 Juneau, AK 99801

> > OR

Sunny Haight, Affirmative Action Officer State of Alaska, Department of Transportation & Public Facilities Division of Administrative Services Human Resources Section 3132 Channel Drive MS 2500 Juneau, AK 99801

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Dissemination

In accordance with the Federal Transit Administration's (FTA) requirements to disseminate our agency Equal Employment Opportunity Program (EEOP) Policy Statement to all employees, applicants, and potential applicants, the Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities (DOT&PF) employs the following practices:

- 1. All new employees are provided with the Commissioner's EEOP Policy Statement via the Department's employee onboarding program.
- 2. Official EEO materials are posted in a conspicuous place at every permanent worksite location.
- 3. The EEO Plan is disseminated annually to all employees by the Commissioner.
- 4. EEO Officer and HR Business Partner present semi-annually at executive team meetings with the Commissioner and division leaders.
- 5. Department employees and affinity groups are provided the opportunity to electronically submit input on program implementation.
- 6. Provide periodic EEO training with the Division of Personnel & Labor Relations Training and Development and EEOP staff.
- 7. EEO training for all new supervisors and managers is provided within 90 days of their appointment.
- 8. Includes "The State of Alaska is an Equal Employment Opportunity and Affirmative Action Employer" in all job postings; to view the DOT&PF's EEO policy statement, please follow this link: <u>http://dot.alaska.gov/job-opportunities/index.shtml</u>



Winter afternoon sunset on North Douglas Highway in Juneau, 2023. Photo by: Andrea Deppner, Alaska DOT&PF

Designation of Personnel

Under federal and state laws and regulations, the Commissioner of the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities has the ultimate responsibility for the overall administration of the internal equal employment opportunity (EEO) and the EEO Program (EEOP). Under this EEOP, the Commissioner delegates certain responsibilities for administering and implementing internal EEO/EEOP to staff. The following are roles and responsibilities designated by the Commissioner for implementing the program.

Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Officer

The Deputy Commissioner is designated as the EEO Officer and reports directly to the Commissioner. The EEO Officer has the responsibility for the overall effectiveness and implementation of internal EEO and EEOP. The EEO Officer has the following additional responsibilities:

- 1. Develop the policy statement and program.
- 2. Assist management in identification of problem areas and developing programs to achieve goals.
- 3. Concur in the hiring and promotion process.
- 4. Report semi-annually to the Commissioner on the department's progress on goals and contractor/vendor compliance.
- 5. Approve all settlement and compliance agreements between the Department and federal or state civil rights enforcement agencies.
- 6. Serve as liaison between the Department and minority, women, and disability organizations, and community action groups concerned with employment opportunity.

Affirmative Action (AA) Officer

The Administrative Services Deputy Director is designated as the AA Officer. Internal EEO is a primary duty of the AA Officer. The AA Officer provides guidance to the EEO Officer. A staff of 12 (one Human Resources [HR] Business Partner, one assistant HR Business Partner, four HR Consultants, two HR Technicians, two Administrative Officers, two Administrative Assistants, one Internet Specialist) assists the AA Officer.

Additional assistance in the area of the State of Alaska's EEO policy, procedure, and enforcement agency liaison is provided by the Department of Administration's Division of Personnel & Labor Relations' (DOP&LR) EEO Program which has 5 staff (EEO Program Manager, three HR Consultants, one HR Technician). DOP&LR also provides extensive assistance in the areas of data collection, EEO training delivery, grievance procedures and union agreements, employee relations, and recruitment services.

The AA Officer has the following responsibilities:

- 1. Assist management in collecting and analyzing employment data and setting goals and timetables.
- 2. Design, implement, and monitor internal audit and reporting systems to:
 - a. Measure program effectiveness;
 - b. Determine where progress has been made; and
 - c. Determine where proactive action is needed.
- 3. Review the department's nondiscrimination plan with managers to ensure policy understanding.
- 4. Audit EEO policy statement postings to ensure information is posted and up-to-date.
- 5. Maintain awareness of current EEO law and ensure dissemination to responsible officials.

AA Officer/HR Business Partner

The AA Officer and HR Business Partner share the following responsibilities:

- 1. Provide opportunity to department employees for EEOP input.
- 2. Assist EEO Officer with semi-annual report to the Commissioner on the department's progress on goals and contractor/vendor compliance.
- 3. Serve as liaison between the department and DOP&LR providing input regarding State employment practices; complaint, reasonable accommodation and performance evaluation policies; and training, grievance procedures, and union agreements affecting the department.
- 4. Serve as liaison between the department and DOP&LR.
- 5. Ensure updates of manager/supervisor position descriptions include duties related to effective EEOP implementation such as maintaining a nondiscriminatory work environment, attending appropriate EEO training, ensuring position descriptions reflect actual job duties, providing individual training plans and career counseling through the evaluation process; and advising of training programs, professional development opportunities and/or entrance requirements, etc.
- 6. Monitor recruitment, recruitment advertising, hire, promotion, training selection, pay, transfer, layoff and termination policies and practices to ensure conformance to EEO policies.
- 7. Ensure HR assistance to managers and supervisors in providing disability or religious belief/practice reasonable accommodation.
- 8. Assign appropriate HR Consultant to investigate applicant and employee discrimination and retaliation complaints. Review the investigation and recommend appropriate departmental response. Coordinate enforcement agency conciliation efforts through DOP&LR.
- 9. Provide EEO training to all supervisors and managers within 90 days of their appointment.
- 10. Ensure availability of EEO training to employees.

HR Consultants

HR Consultants assist the EEO Officer in the effective implementation of the EEOP through the following:

- 1. Serve as liaison between the EEO Officer and departmental supervisors.
- 2. Identify EEO problem areas and causes; participate in information-gathering and recommendations, as requested.
- 3. Monitor recruitment, recruitment advertising, hire, promotion, pay, transfer, layoff, and termination practices to ensure conformance to EEO policies.
- 4. Ensure all recruitment advertising includes the statement the department "is an equal opportunity employer."
- 5. Participate and assist managers/supervisors in recruitment outreach to minority and veteran populations via job fairs and convention attendance such as the Alaska Federation of Natives or Anchorage Veterans job fair.
- 6. Assist managers/supervisors in identifying and providing disability or religious belief/practice reasonable accommodations for applicants and/or employees.
- 7. Disseminate the department's EEO policy statement via new employee onboarding.
- 8. Ensure position descriptions accurately reflect the job being performed.
- 9. Develop and/or deliver EEO and professional development training.
- 10. Investigate employee or applicant discrimination and retaliation complaints and recommend appropriate departmental response.

Headquarters/Regional Directors, Airport Managers

Headquarters and Regional Directors for the Southcoast, Central, and Northern regions and International Airport Managers supervise and are responsible for the effective implementation of the EEOP in the agencies, offices and facilities under their authority. Specifically, they are assigned the following tasks:

- 1. Assist the AA Officer and staff in:
 - a. Identification of problem areas;
 - b. Formulation of proactive action; and
 - c. Formulation and implementation of professional development, internship, and apprenticeship programs.
- 2. Provide recommendations on EEOP changes to the EEO and AA Officers.
- 3. Ensure all managers and supervisors understand EEO policies and the necessity of their support for effective implementation and that annual performance evaluations reflect their performance in this area.
- 4. Perform reviews periodically to ensure:
 - a. Posters and communiqués are properly displayed;
 - b. Comparable facilities such as locker rooms and rest rooms are provided for both sexes;
 - c. Minority and female employees are afforded full opportunity and are encouraged to participate in all department-sponsored programs, recreation, and social activities;
 - d. Position descriptions accurately reflect the job being performed; and
 - e. All lower-level managers and supervisors understand their work performance is also being evaluated on the basis of their efforts and results in implementing the EEOP.
- 5. Prevent any discriminatory harassment of employees through AA efforts.
- 6. Ensure lower-level managers and supervisors attend appropriate EEO training.

Line Managers and Supervisors

Line managers and supervisors are also responsible for the effective implementation of the EEOP in their areas of accountability. Specifically, each line manager or supervisor is responsible for the following tasks:

- 1. Assist upper-level management in:
 - a. Identification of areas where EEO problems exist and formulation of solutions; and
 - b. Review of position descriptions to ensure they accurately reflect the job being performed.
- 2. Ensure all non-management employees under their supervision understand the department's commitment to EEO and AA and the Commissioner's policy statement.
- 3. Enforce the Commissioner's policy statement in their area of responsibility and maintaining a nondiscriminatory work environment.
- 4. Ensure:
 - a. Posters and communiqués are properly displayed;
 - b. Comparable facilities such as locker rooms and rest rooms are provided for both sexes;
 - c. Minority and female employees are afforded full opportunity and are encouraged to participate in all department-sponsored programs, recreation, and social activities;
 - d. Position descriptions accurately reflect the job being performed; and
 - e. All lower-level managers and supervisors understand their work performance is also being evaluated on the basis of their efforts and results in implementing the EEOP.
- 5. Assist in the implementation of professional development and internship programs where appropriate.
- 6. Review qualifications of employees under their supervision to ensure minorities, women, and veterans are provided all opportunities for transfer, training, and promotion and are provided career counseling when needed.
- 7. Assist employees in realizing their full potential in the department by developing individual training plans and career counseling through the evaluation process.
- 8. Advise employees of training programs, professional development opportunities and entrance requirements.

9. Provide disability or religious belief/practice reasonable accommodations for applicants and/or employees.

Department Employees

Department employees are responsible for supporting a work climate which values racial, cultural, and gender diversity and is conducive to achieving DOT&PF's EEOP goals. Commitment to support the Commissioner's policy regarding EEO and AA shall be a condition of employment or continuing employment. All new employees are required to read and sign an acknowledgement of their obligation to abide by the following Governor's Administrative Orders:

- 1. No. 75: Equal Employment Opportunity
- 2. No. 81: Sexual and Other Discriminatory Harassment
- 3. No. 129: Americans with Disabilities Act
- 4. No. 195: Diversity in the Workplace



Justin Gundersen overlooking Juneau's road system and airport from Blackerby Ridge. Photo by: Justin Gundersen, Alaska DOT&PF

Recruitment and Selection Procedures

The primary source of recruitment for vacancies in the department is through the State of Alaska's executive branch online hiring system Workplace Alaska (WPAK). Vacancies are posted in this system and applicants apply on-line during the recruitment period. Hiring panels of line supervisors and managers screen and interview the applicant pool, check references, and make a selection. Some hires are made in dispatch from either a union hiring hall or job center. Generally, the same process for screening and interviewing is used. During FY23, Recruitment moved back into the Department of Transportation & Public Facilities, where every hire approval is reviewed to ensure compliance with all related requirements.

Seniority Practices

Several of the unions representing departmental employees have seniority provisions for initial appointment and/or promotional opportunities, and layoff or reductions of force (Labor, Trades and Crafts; Public Safety Employees Association; Masters, Mates, & Pilots; Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association; and the Inlandboatmen's Union). These seniority provisions are agreed to through collective bargaining. Alaska Public Employees Association, Alaska State Employees Association and the Confidential Employees Association use layoff points based on years of State service (seniority). The department abides by seniority rules for reduction of force (seasonal layoffs).

Compensation and Benefits

The Department of Administration, Division of Personnel, Classification Section, is responsible for ensuring that the State's Classification and Pay plans meet the requirements of the merit principle as set forth in the State Personnel Act. The Classification Plan is a framework of job class specifications wherein positions are assigned to a class based on duties, responsibilities, and requirements of training or experience. The Pay Plan is the system by which job classes are assigned to salary ranges and pay rates are assigned to the salary ranges based upon the principle of like pay for like work.

Collective bargaining agreements and personnel regulations denote the rules which must be followed when setting a salary level for employees. The Department of Administration, Division of Personnel & Labor Relations ensures personnel actions are in accordance with rules and regulations.

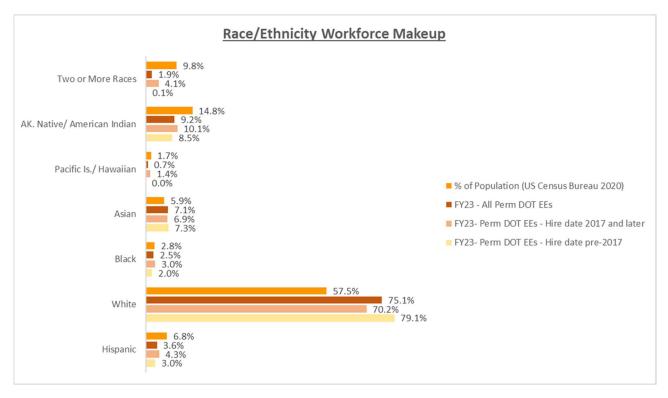
Employment Practices Assessment

All recruitments that take place via Workplace Alaska (WPAK) are available for assessment. WPAK does not require applicants to disclose race or sex; however, recent reporting developments do allow us to analyze data that is volunteered by applicants. It is also notable that the State of Alaska only collects Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) data at two points during the recruitment process: once at the time of application, when applicants may choose to disclose their sex and/or race; and once at the time of initial appointment with the State of Alaska. Hiring managers do not have access to the data reported in the EEO Survey during the recruitment process. The current EEO Survey was last updated in 2017, but the Sex and Race/Ethnicity Categories were last updated in 2000, at the same time that the US Census categories were updated. Per the US Census Bureau's website, "In previous censuses, responses to the race question were limited to a single category; in 2000 for the first time, respondents could check as many boxes as necessary to identify their race." This means that prior to 2000, the inclusion of individuals who identify as belonging to more than one race/ethnicity was not tracked in the US Census. In 2017, the State of Alaska updated their own EEO Survey to include the option of two or more races.

This means that prior to 2017, employees hired with the State of Alaska completed an EEO Survey that did not include the option to select "two or more races." Since the State does not re-survey employees on their EEO data, there are likely many employees with the State of Alaska who may identify themselves as belonging to two or more races, but that data will not be reflected in the overall workforce makeup of DOT&PF. This may explain some of the differences we see between the US Census and the department's workforce data in some of the categories; most notably for individuals who fall into the two or more races categories.

This report will discuss the demographics of multiple personnel actions and EEO-4 categories as compared to Alaska DOT&PF's workforce makeup (both by sex and race/ethnicity). The workforce makeup will include all employees in the department without regard for the time of their employment or the version of the EEO Survey that they completed. This means that it will not be possible for it to be perfectly aligned with the categories presented in US census data. With that in mind, the data can be broken down into employees hired prior to 2017 and employees hired after 2017 for frame of reference. It is important to note that when the EEO Survey was updated and the State's Human Resource Information System (IRIS) was launched, employees were given a brief window of opportunity to update their entries in IRIS. This effort was voluntary but explains why there is a very small number of employees in the prior to 2017 category that fall into the "two or more races" category.

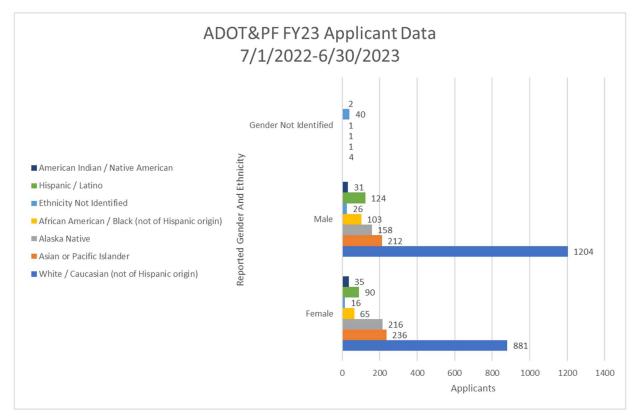
Below is a graph comparing Alaska Census Data for 2020 to DOT&PF workforce data. DOT&PF Workforce data is broken down to include columns in: All employees in permanent positions with the department; all DOT&PF employees in permanent positions who were hired with the State of Alaska following the updates to the State's EEO Survey in January 2017; and all DOT&PF employees in permanent positions who were hired with the State of Alaska prior to the update to the State's EEO Survey in January 2017.



As can be seen from the above data, there are some significant differences between the percentage of DOT&PF employees in each race category when they are split between employees hired prior to 2017 and the updated EEO Survey in 2017.

1489 employees who currently work for the department were hired with the state prior to January 2017; 1243 were hired January 2017 and later. The earliest appointment in the department's current workforce occurred in 1976. As has been seen in previous reports and will be discussed later in this document, each year the department's workforce makeup becomes more diverse, so it's worth noting that while the two groups aren't that different in individuals counted, they are very different in the span of time covered; 1976 to 2016 is the span of 40 years, while 2017-2023 is only six years. What this means is that were we to break data down further, we would likely see much smaller differences in the changes between categories. This graph is purely being created to demonstrate that comparing data using survey methods that use different categories in their collection methods will mean that a straight line cannot always be drawn between the two. It is encouraging however to see that when the data *can* be compared, the department's workforce makeup continues to trend closer to the makeup of Alaska's population

In FY23 (July 1, 2022 thru June 30, 2023) Alaska DOT&PF had a total of 3392 applications received through Workplace Alaska. Applicant data would have to be manually cross-referenced with job class categories and EEO-4 categories; therefore, analysis by EEO-4 category for applicants is not conducted. The previous reporting period of FY22 saw a total of 3239 applications. This indicates a 6.4% increase in applications during FY23.

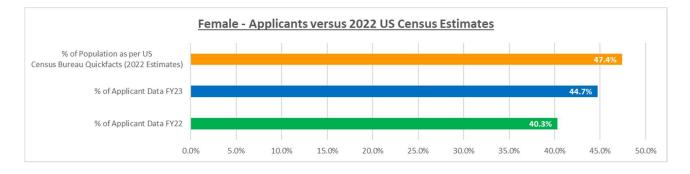




Fireweed at high tide at the Haines ferry terminal. August 2023. Photo By: Teri Bastable-Podsiki, Alaska DOT&PF

Of Alaska DOT&PF applicants who chose to disclose their sex, approximately 54% (1846) applications were from males and 44% (1496) were from females. This is an approximate 3% increase in the female category from the prior reporting period of FY22.

The below chart compares the percent of applicants who reported being female in their applications during FY22 and FY23 to the 2021 estimated proportion of the population of Alaska who reported being female per the US Census Bureau.

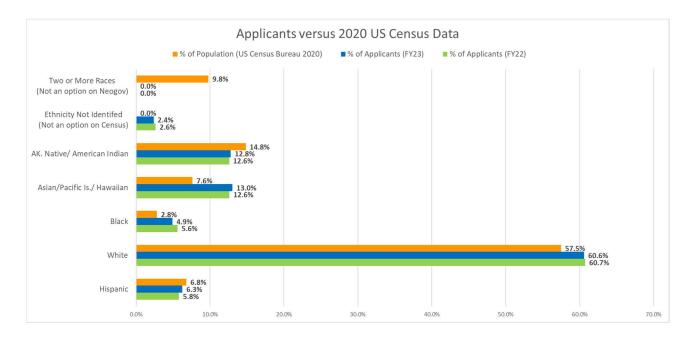


As can be seen on the graph, the overall makeup of the Department's applicant pool by sex has moved closer to the makeup reported composition of the population of Alaska since FY22 and is now within 3 percentage points of the census data.



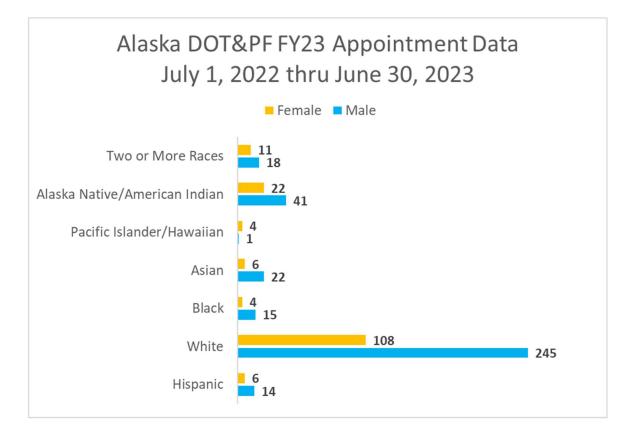
Midnight sunset over the Homer Boat Harbor. June 2021. Photo by: Tracy Bader, Alaska DOT&PF

The graph below compares the overall racial makeup of the Department's applicant pools during FY23 to FY22 as compared to the population of Alaska per the 2020 US Census. This comparison is imperfect due to utilizing data sources that have differing racial/ethnicity categories but has been included for informational purposes of zoomed-out comparison and trends. Of note are: Workplace Alaska applications do not include the option to select "two or more races," while the US census does not have the option to select "Ethnicity not identified." Additionally, the categories of Asian/Pacific Islander/Hawaiian had to be combined, as did the AK Native/American Indian categories, in order to compare the data.

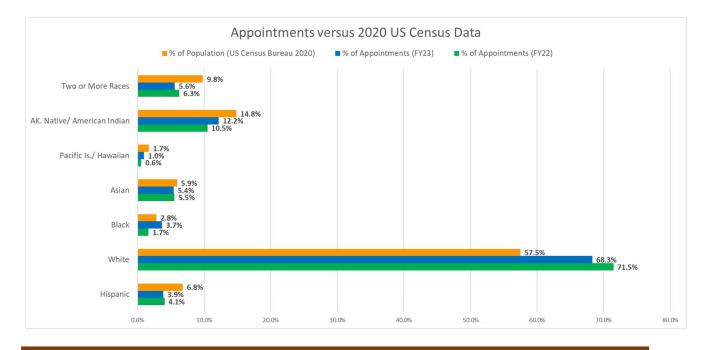


Applicant data is presently collected for individuals who apply for jobs through Workplace Alaska. This means that it does not account for applications that are received outside of the system, such as through the LTC referral list or through non-competitive appointments. This means that the applicant data cannot be compared to appointment data in a way that is truly meaningful. Alaska DOT&PF is presently examining ways that the applicant data can be compared to appointment data and will make this a priority in future reports.

For the purposes of this report, "Appointment Data" includes all appointments made throughout the year to include WPAK hires, noncompetitive appointments, LTC Referrals with the notable exception of promotions and demotions which are both discussed later in this document.



Alaska DOT&PF made a total of 417 appointments between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023. Alaska DOT&PF appointed approximately 69% (356) males and approximately 31% (161) females during this reporting period. This is an increase of 2% in female new hires from previous reporting period.



Alaska DOT&PF Equal Employment Opportunity Plan — FY23

Appointments overall moved to be a closer reflection to the Alaska population as reported by the 2020 US Census Data. The most notable changes were increases in the AK Native/American Indian, and Black race/ethnicity categories and a decrease in the White race/ethnicity category. Alaska DOT&PF has committed to actively participating in job fairs and reaching out to female and minority organizations to continue improving equality.

The online hiring system WPAK is only two clicks from the main State of Alaska web page Alaska.gov. The recruitment process contains a hard copy application option for applicants who are not able to use a computer to apply. Additionally, the State of Alaska Department of Labor's Alaska Job Center Network assists jobseekers in finding work they qualify for. Some applicants are referred through Union Hiring Halls for labor, trades, and craft and marine vessel positions and the hiring halls encourage local preference for Alaskan residents. Despite these efforts, some recruitment efforts for DOT&PF positions continue to have recruitment difficulty because of a lack of qualified applicants in the recruitment pool.

In order to effectively analyze other employment practices, it is critical to understand the personnel makeup of the EEO-4 categories in Alaska DOT&PF. The department divides its workforce into full-time permanent employees and other than full-time permanent employees. For reporting purposes only the full-time permanent employee data is analyzed as the other than full-time permanent data is minimal. The female and male full-time workforce analysis by EEO- 4 category tables on this page and the following page (Titled Female Full-Time Workforce Analysis by EEO-4 Category and Male Full-Time Workforce Analysis by EEO-4 Category) outline the percentage in each EEO-4 category.



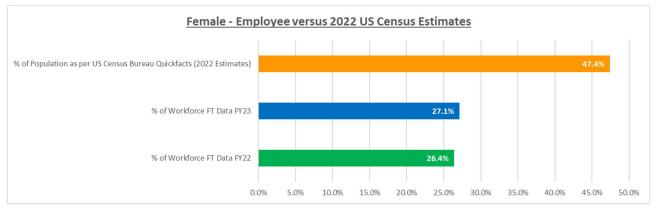
An Alaska Airlines Boeing 737 on short final to Nome Airport's Runway 28. Photo by: Aaron Surnin, Alaska DOT&PF

Male Full-Time Workforce Analysis by EEO-4 Category Alaska Department of Transportation & Public Faclities

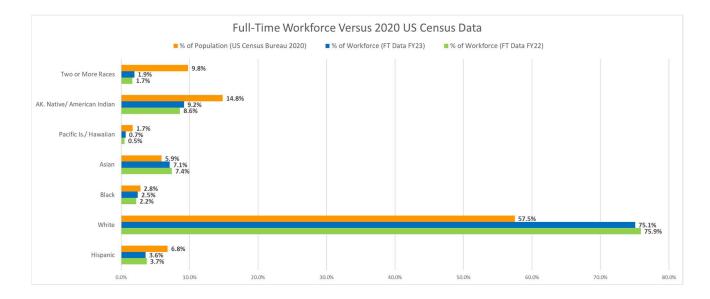
Alaska Department of Transport								
Employment Data: July 1, 2023								
EEO-4 Category	Hispanic Male	White Male	Black Male	Asian Male	Pacific Is./ Hawaiian Male	AK. Native/ American Indian Male	Two or More Races Male	Total Male
A-Officials and Administrators	0	28	0	0	0	3	0	31
	0.00%	1.02%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.11%	0.00%	1.13%
B-Professionals	18	470	14	34	3	20	9	568
	0.66%	17.20%	0.51%	1.24%	0.11%	0.73%	0.33%	20.79%
C-Technicians	7	70	3	2	0	11	6	99
	0.26%	2.56%	0.11%	0.07%	0.00%	0.40%	0.22%	3.62%
D-Protective Service Workers	3	65	3	3	1	1	0	76
	0.11%	2.38%	0.11%	0.11%	0.04%	0.04%	0.00%	2.78%
E-Paraprofessionals	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	5
	0.07%	0.07%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.18%
F-Administrative Support	3	39	1	8	-	5	2	58
	0.11%	1.43%	0.04%	0.29%	0.00%	0.18%	0.07%	2.12%
G-Skilled Craft Workers	22	697	13	31	4	116	13	896
	0.81%	25.51%	0.48%	1.13%	0.15%	4.25%	0.48%	32.80%
H-Service-Maintenance	12	144	19	47	2	29	6	259
	0.44%	5.27%	0.70%	1.72%	0.07%	1.06%	0.22%	9.48%
Total Male	67	1515	54	125	10	185	36	1992
% of Male	2.45%	55.45%	1.98%	4.58%	0.37%	6.77%	1.32%	72.91%
Female Full-Time Workforce	Analysis by E	EO-4 Catego	ory					
Alaska Department of Transpo	ortation & Pul	lic Faclities						
Employment Data: July 1, 202	3							
	Hispanic	White	Black	Asian	Pacific Is./	AK. Native/ American	Two or More	Total
EEO-4 Category	Female		DIACK	Asian	Hawaiian	American		
A-Officials and Administrators		Female	Female	Female	Female	Indian Female	Races Female	Female
A-Officials and Administrators		Female 0 10		Female 0		Female	Races	
A-Ometais and Administrators	0.009	0 10	0		Female	Female 1	Races Female 0	Female
B-Professionals	0.00	0 10 % 0.37%	0.00%	0	Female 0	Female 1 0.04%	Races Female	Female 11 0.40%
	0.009	0 10 % 0.37% 4 277	0 0.00% 3	0.00%	Female 0 0.00%	Female 1 0.04% 22	Races Female 0 0.00% 3	Female 11 0.40% 351
B-Professionals	0.009	0 10 % 0.37% 4 277 % 10.14%	0 0.00% 3 0.11%	0 0.00% 28	Fe male 0 0.00%	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81%	Races Female 0 0.00%	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85%
	0.009	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0	Female 0 0.00% 4 0.15% 0	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20
B-Professionals C-Technicians	0.009	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59%	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00%	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00%	Female 0.00% 4 0.15% 0 0.00%	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11%	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00%	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85%
B-Professionals	0.009 1 0.519 0.049	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 9	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00%	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0	Female 0.00% 4 0.15% 0 0.00%	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00%	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9
B-Professionals C-Technicians D-Protective Service Workers	0.009	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 9 6 0.33%	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00%	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00%	Female 0 0.00% 4 0.15% 0 0.00% 0 0.00%	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0.00%	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33%
B-Professionals C-Technicians	0.009 1 0.519 0.049 5 0.009	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 9 6 0.33% 1 6	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 5	Female 0 0.00% 4 0.15% 0 0.00% 0 0.00%	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 1	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33% 14
B-Professionals C-Technicians D-Protective Service Workers E-Paraprofessionals	0.009 1 0.519 0.049 5 0.009 0.049	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 9 6 0.33% 1 6 6 0.22%	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00% 1 0.00%	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 5 0.18%	Female 0.00% 4 0.15% 0 0.00% 0 0.00%	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0.00%	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00% 1 0.04%	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33% 14 0.51%
B-Professionals C-Technicians D-Protective Service Workers	0.009 1 0.519 0.049 5 0.009 0.049	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 9 6 93	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00% 1 0.04% 5	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 5 0.18% 9	Female 0.00% 4 0.15% 00 0.00% 00 0.00% 3	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 13	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.04% 4	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33% 14 0.51% 133
B-Professionals C-Technicians D-Protective Service Workers E-Paraprofessionals F-Administrative Support	0.009 1 0.519 0.049 5 0.009 0.049 0.049 0.229	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 9 7 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 3.40%	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00% 1 0.00% 1 0.04% 5 0.18%	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 5 0.18% 9 0.33%	Female 0 0.00% 4 0.15% 0 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 3 0.11%	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 13 0.48%	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.04% 4 0.15%	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33% 14 0.51% 133 4.87%
B-Professionals C-Technicians D-Protective Service Workers E-Paraprofessionals	0.009 1 0.519 0.049 5 0.009 0.009 0.049 0.229	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 99 6 0.33% 1 6 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 3.40% 2 35	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 1 0.04% 5 0.18% 0	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 5 0.18% 9 0.33% 4	Female 0 0.00% 4 0.15% 0 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00% 13 0.48% 6	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.00% 4 0.15% 3	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33% 14 0.51% 133 4.87% 50
B-Professionals C-Technicians D-Protective Service Workers E-Paraprofessionals F-Administrative Support G-Skilled Craft Workers	0.009 1 0.519 0.049 5 0.009 0.049 0.049 0.049 0.029 0.029 0.079	0 10 % 0.37% 4 277 % 10.14% 1 16 % 0.59% 0 9 % 0.33% 1 6 % 0.22% 6 93 % 3.40% 2 35 % 1.28%	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00% 1 0.00% 5 0.18% 0 0.00%	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 5 0.18% 9 0.33% 4 0.15%	Female 0.00% 4 0.15% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00%	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 13 0.48% 6 0.22%	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.00% 1 0.04% 4 0.15% 3 0.11%	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33% 14 0.51% 133 4.87% 50 1.83%
B-Professionals C-Technicians D-Protective Service Workers E-Paraprofessionals F-Administrative Support	0.009 1 0.519 0.049 5 0.009 0.049 0.049 0.229 0.079	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 9 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 3.40% 2 35 6 1.28% 7 90	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.04% 5 0.18% 0 0 0.00% 4	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 5 0.18% 9 0.33% 4 0.15% 23	Female 0.00% 4 0.15% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 3 0.11% 0.00% 1	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.022% 21	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.00% 1 0.04% 4 0.15% 3 0.11% 6	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33% 14 0.51% 133 4.87% 50 1.83% 152
B-Professionals C-Technicians D-Protective Service Workers E-Paraprofessionals F-Administrative Support G-Skilled Craft Workers H-Service-Maintenance	0.009 1 0.519 0.049 5 0.009 0.049 0.049 0.229 0.079 0.079 0.029	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 9 6 0.33% 1 6 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 93 7 90 6 3.29%	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.04% 5 0.18% 0 0.00% 4 0.15%	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 5 0.18% 9 0.33% 4 0.15% 23 0.84%	Female 0 0 0.00% 4 0.15% 0 0 0.00% 0 0 0.00% 0 0 0.00% 0 0 0.00% 1 0 0.00% 1 0.00% 0 0 0.00% 0 0 0.00% 0 0 0.00% 0 0 0.00% 0 0 0.00% 0 0 0 0	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13 0.48% 6 0.22% 21 0.77%	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.00% 3 0.15% 3 0.11% 6 0.22%	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33% 14 0.51% 133 4.87% 50 1.83% 152 5.56%
B-Professionals C-Technicians D-Protective Service Workers E-Paraprofessionals F-Administrative Support G-Skilled Craft Workers	0.009 1 0.519 0.049 5 0.009 0.049 0.049 0.229 0.079 0.079 0.029	0 10 6 0.37% 4 277 6 10.14% 1 16 6 0.59% 0 9 6 0.33% 1 6 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 93 6 3.40% 2 35 6 1.28% 7 90 6 3.29% 1 536	0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.00% 5 0.18% 0 0.00% 4 4 0.15% 13	0 0.00% 28 1.02% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 5 0.18% 9 0.33% 4 0.15% 23 0.84%	Female 0.00% 4 0.15% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 3 0.11% 0.00% 1	Female 1 0.04% 22 0.81% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13 0.48% 6 0.22% 21 0.77% 66	Races Female 0 0.00% 3 0.11% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 0 0.00% 1 0.00% 1 0.00% 1 0.04% 4 0.15% 3 0.11% 6 0.22% 17	Female 11 0.40% 351 12.85% 20 0.73% 9 0.33% 14 0.51% 133 4.87% 50 1.83% 152

For FY23 the Department's total full-time workforce was 2,732 employees. This is a slight decrease from the previous reporting period. In FY23, approximately 27% employees identified as female and 73% as male. The Department's workforce has historically been composed of more males than females. Additionally, the workforce is predominately of white ethnicity, and this trend is reflected across all personnel activities.

The US Census Bureau reports that 47.7% of Alaska's population is made up as femaleidentifying persons. The graph below compares the Female-identifying population in Alaska to the workforce makeup of the Department in FY23. While the percentage of the Department's workforce that is female is significantly lower than that of the overall population of Alaska, there was an increase of 0.4% in female employees between FY23 and the previous reporting period.

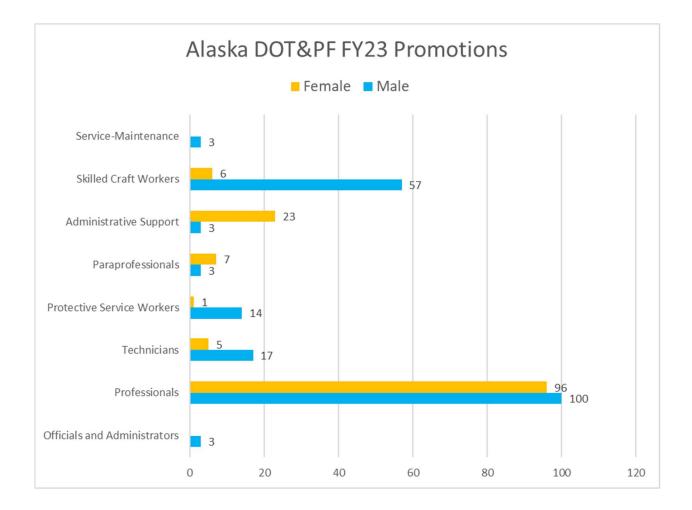


The chart below compares the population of the State of Alaska according to the 2020 Census to the current workforce makeup of the Department sorted by race.



Alaska DOT&PF Equal Employment Opportunity Plan — FY23

Due to the size of the Department's workforce, it takes 27.32 new appointments in a category to increase its percentage by 1%. The percentages in each race category in the Department's workforce stayed relatively consistent between FY22 and FY23. The largest changes were an increase of .8% in the Alaska Native/American Indian category and a decrease of .8% in the White race category. Additionally, slight increases were seen in the Two or More Races, Pacific Islander/Hawaiian, and Black race categories and slight decreases were seen in the Asian and Hispanic race categories.



The Department's promotions were up compared to the previous reporting period, with FY23's total promotion count at 338. As indicated in the FY23 Promotions graph above, the professionals and skilled craft workers EEO-4 categories experienced the most promotions when combining male and female promotional numbers. As in past years' promotional activity, females promoted more frequently in the administrative support and paraprofessional categories while males promoted more frequently in all other categories.

ADOT&PF FY23 Promotions	Male		Female	Total %
Officials and Administrators		3		0.9%
Professionals		100	96	58.0%
Technicians		17	5	6.5%
Protective Service Workers		14	1	4.4%
Paraprofessionals		3	7	3.0%
Administrative Support		3	23	7.7%
Skilled Craft Workers		57	6	18.6%
Service-Maintenance		3		0.9%
Total %		59.2%	40.8%	100.0%

- The professionals and skilled craft workers categories experienced the most promotions in FY23.
- Overall, males promoted almost 20% more often than females.
- The skilled craft workers category had a drastic difference in the rate of promotion between males and females: 90.5% of promotions were male, while 9.5% were female.

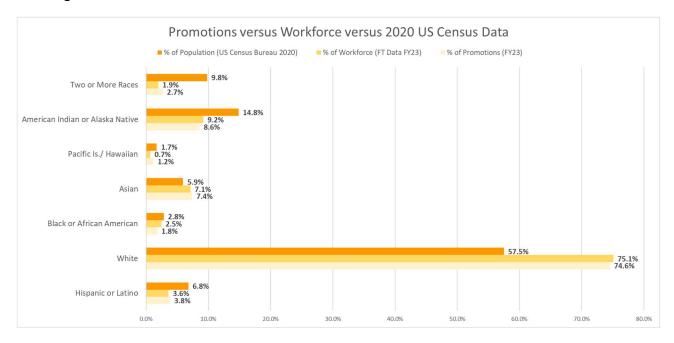
During the previous reporting period, only 5 of the 83 individuals promoted in the Skilled Craft Worker's category identified as female. During FY23, 6 out of the 63 individuals promoted in the Skilled Craft Worker's category during this reporting period identified as female. While the overall promotions for Skilled Craft Workers decreased during FY23, there was a 3% increase in promotions of individuals identifying as female in the skilled craft workers category from the previous reporting period. This is a significant increase.



Minnesota Drive: Tudor to 15th Ave Pavement Preservation Paving operation in Anchorage (West Chester Lagoon), Summer 2023. Photo by: Greg Bae, Alaska DOT&PF

Promotions for female-identifying employees increased by 4.2% across the department. The significant difference in cumulative promotions for males across all categories does correlate with DOT&PF's overall full-time workforce based on availability. A continued increase in females in the overall full-time workforce would likely lead to a continued increase in female promotions.

The graph below shows the percentages of promotions as they relate to race/ethnicity. Promotions in the white category decreased since the last reporting period, while promotions increased in all other racial categories except Hispanic, which saw a small decrease. It is notable that while the overall workforce makeup has significant differences from the 2020 US Census data, promotional numbers closely align with our workforce makeup data and are trending in a direction more in line with census data over time.





Atigun Pass – sheep getting some sun. Photo by: Chris Marsh, Alaska DOT&PF

A table with promotional data broken out by occupational group, sex, and race/ethnicity is below.

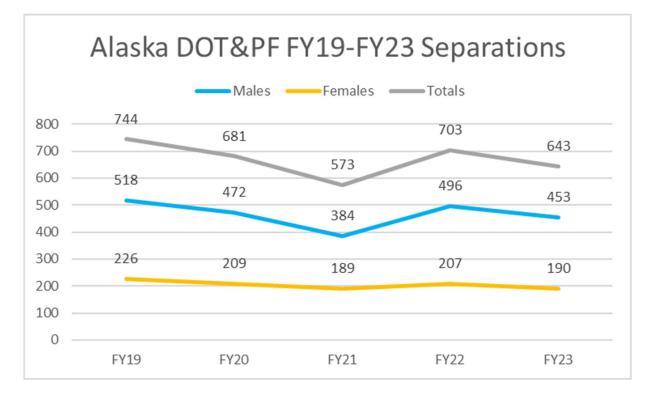
ADOT&PF FY23	Hisponia	White	Plack	Acian	Pacific Is./ Hawaiian	AK. Native/	Two or More Races	Crand Tatal
Promotions	пізрапіс	white	DIACK	Asian	Pacific IS./ Hawalian	American Indian	TWO OF MOTE RACES	Granu Total
Officials and Administrators	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Male	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Professionals	2.4%	43.8%	1.5%	4.7%	0.6%	3.8%	1.2%	58.0%
Male	1.2%	22.5%	1.2%	1.8%	0.6%	1.8%	0.6%	29.6%
Female	1.2%	21.3%	0.3%	3.0%	0.0%	2.1%	0.6%	28.4%
Technicians	0.6%	5.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	6.5%
Male	0.6%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	5.0%
Female	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%
Protective Service Workers	0.0%	3.6%	0.0%	0.6%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	4.4%
Male	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%	0.6%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	4.1%
Female	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Paraprofessionals	0.0%	1.5%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	3.0%
Male	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.9%
Female	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	2.1%
Administrative Support	0.3%	4.7%	0.3%	0.6%	0.0%	1.5%	0.3%	7.7%
Male	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.9%
Female	0.3%	4.1%	0.3%	0.6%	0.0%	1.2%	0.3%	6.8%
Skilled Craft Workers	0.6%	14.5%	0.0%	0.3%	0.3%	2.7%	0.3%	18.6%
Male	0.3%	13.3%	0.0%	0.3%	0.3%	2.4%	0.3%	16.9%
Female	0.3%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	1.8%
Service-Maintenance	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Male	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%
Female	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
All Promotions	3.8%	74.6%	1.8%	7.4%	1.2%	8.6%	2.7%	100.0%



Plow truck on Thompson Pass, Winter 2022. Photo by: Paul Matson, Alaska DOT&PF

Alaska DOT&PF Equal Employment Opportunity Plan — FY23

As indicated below the Department has experienced a decrease in separations in FY23, with a combined total of 643 separations in FY23. The Department's full-time workforce also decreased from FY22 (2,781) to FY23 (2,732). Please note that the Department separations count is derived from employees leaving State of Alaska employment and does not count internal transfers between State of Alaska departments as separations.

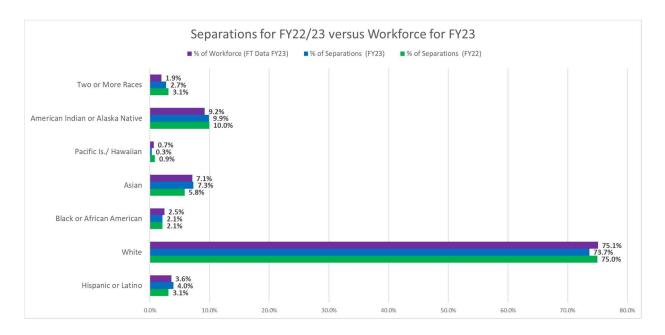


The percentage of female and male separations has hovered around approximately 29% females and 71% males. These numbers closely correlate with the Department's full-time workforce counts, though it is notable that the percent of total employees female for the department is 27.1% while the rate of resignations is 29.5%.

View from Central Region office of Lake Hood float lane base. Photo by: Chet Murphy, Alaska DOT&PF



The "White" racial category had the largest number of separations in both female and male sex categories during FY23, which is consistent with the employee makeup of the Department. Additionally, the race category separation percentages are very close to the full-time workforce data indicating no disparate treatment.



The Department's skilled craft workers section experienced the highest number of separations during FY23. The high rate of separations is likely due in part to some positions in that category being classified as non-permanent positions tied to seasonal work. This is consistent with previous reports. A chart with a breakdown of separations by occupational category, sex, and race/ethnicity categories is below.

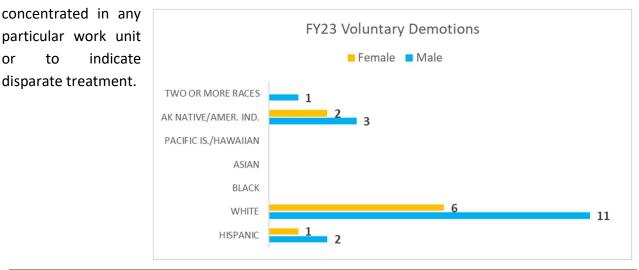


Sunrise after a snow storm off Dalton Highway. Photo by: Anthony Coumbe, Alaska DOT&PF

Alaska DOT&PF Equal Employment Opportunity Plan — FY23

ADOT&PF FY23 Female Separations	Hispani c Female	White Female	Black Female	Asian Female	Pacific Is./ Hawaiia n Female	AK. Native/ Americ an Indian Female	Two or More Races Female	Grand Total
Officials and Administrators		2						2
Professionals	3	48	1	6		3	1	62
Technicians	1	13						14
Protective Service Workers		2						2
Paraprofessionals		1						1
Administrative Support		31	1	5		9	2	48
Skilled Craft Workers		25	1	1		6	2	35
Service-Maintenance	3	11		7		1	4	26
FY23 Total %	1.1%	20.7%	0.5%	3.0%	0.0%	3.0%	1.4%	29.5%
ADOT&PF FY23 Male	Hispani		Black	Asian	Pacific Is./	AK. Native/ Americ	Two or More	Grand
Separations	c Male	Male	Male	Male	Hawaiia	an	Races	Total
					n Male	Indian	Male	
						Male		
Officials and Administrators	1	9						10
Professionals	3	62	1	5				71
Technicians	2	24	2	3		3		34
Protective Service Workers		7						7
Paraprofessionals		2						2
Administrative Support	2	14	1	4		1	4	26
Skilled Craft Workers	9	197	4	7	1	34	4	256
Service-Maintenance	2	28	2	10		4	1	47
FY23 Total %	3.0%	53.3%	1.6%	4.5%	0.2%	6.5%	1.4%	70.5%

During FY23, a total of 30 demotions occurred, 4 of them being involuntary demotions. Of the involuntary demotions, all were a direct result of employees being unsuccessful in the completion of their probation period and being returned to their previous job class. As is historically common with the department, white males had the largest amount of voluntary demotions in FY23. This is consistent with the workforce makeup. In a review of the employee movement data, there were no concerning patterns to indicate that voluntary demotions were



Alaska DOT&PF Equal Employment Opportunity Plan — FY23

or

to

Disciplinary Procedures

The State of Alaska uses a progressive discipline approach as the process for dealing with jobrelated behavior that does not meet expected and communicated performance standards. The primary purpose of progressive discipline is to assist the employee in understanding that a performance problem or opportunity for improvement exists. The process features increasingly formal efforts to provide feedback to the employee so they can correct the problem. The goal of progressive discipline is to improve employee performance. The process of progressive discipline is not intended as punishment for the employee, but to assist the employee in overcoming performance problems and satisfying job expectations. Progressive discipline is most successful when it assists an individual in becoming an effectively performing member of the department. Failing that, progressive discipline enables the department to fairly, and with substantial documentation, terminate the employment of employees who are ineffective and unwilling to improve.

Employees have a right to due process if they are subject to disciplinary procedures. Discipline that is imposed must meet just cause standards. Alaska DOT&PF policy requires that managers and supervisors work closely with Human Resources when considering or taking a disciplinary action.

During FY22, the State of Alaska consolidated the branch of Human Resources that is responsible for conducting investigations and assisting with the disciplinary process. Alaska DOT&PF only retained two Human Resources positions in this functional area to assist with the Alaska

Marine Highway. Due to continued efforts to standardize reporting data, reporting on discipline issued for Alaska DOT&PF is not available for FY23. Ensuring this data is tracked and reported is a priority for FY24.



Every day life in Wittier with the Alaska Railroad. Photo by: Robert Snitzer, Alaska DOT&PF

Alaska DOT&PF Equal Employment Opportunity Plan — FY23

Layoff Procedures

When it's determined that layoffs must occur the department works very closely with the Department of Administration, Division of Personnel and Labor Relations (DOP&LR) to ensure all layoffs occur in compliance with applicable collective bargaining agreements between the State of Alaska and the Unions representing the employees. Part of this interaction requires that organizational units for the purposes of layoffs must be in writing and may be recognized on the basis of geographical area, function or class of employment, and may be different for different classes and types of employment. Length of service or seniority points determine the order of layoff and an Order of Layoff is certified by DOP&LR. This process has more steps for review to ensure it is conducted fairly and with accuracy.

The department fortunately did not have any layoffs or recalls in FY23 to include in this report. They will be reported on and analyzed as they occur in the future.

Training Opportunities

The department has multiple independent systems for capturing employee training which causes a distinct challenge for standardization and analysis of the data. The Department of Administration, Division of Personnel and Labor Relations recently changed their statewide learning management system which is also used for tracking, but the system does not presently capture sex, race, and EEO-4 categories associated with employee training. However, the Department intends to continue exploring avenues for collecting this data. Additionally, the department has created a Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) Team whose members work with the different department training systems. This DEI Team will strive to find ways to bring the

department's training data into a standardized format to help improve the ability to analyze for equality. The department's historical trend for availability and accessibility of training has always been shown to be equitable, and it is expected to continue to do so.



The aurora borealis dance over the MV Aurora, Winter 2023. Photo by: Richard Quimpo, Alaska DOT&PF

Alaska DOT&PF Equal Employment Opportunity Plan — FY23

The Commissioner of the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities (DOT&PF) ultimately has the responsibility for oversight of the monitoring and reporting systems enacted in the department's Equal Employment Opportunity Program (EEOP). As detailed in Section III: Designation of Personnel, certain oversight authorities have been delegated to the department's Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Officer, Affirmative Action (AA) Officer, and Human Resource Business Partner (HRBP). These officials are tasked with the direct management of monitoring and reporting systems of the EEOP.

Monitoring Methods:

An annual checklist is to be assessed every March to ensure compliance with the EEOP. Included in the checklist:

- Training and development reports for all employees who completed EEO training
- Statistical analysis of employment practices and employee movement
- Ensure dissemination practices as detailed in Section II: Dissemination has been performed
- Conduct random audits of job postings to ensure the statement, "The State of Alaska is an Equal Employment Opportunity and Affirmative Action Employer" is included in all job postings; to view the DOT&PF's EEO policy statement, please follow this link: <u>http://dot.alaska.gov/job-opportunities/index.shtml</u>

Subrecipients and Contractors Compliance:

The department's Division of Program Development is responsible for ensuring subrecipient and contractor compliance. This includes conducting reviews every two (2) to five (5) years based on their annual risk assessment. The reviews include ensuring an EEO program plan is in place, is posted in a conspicuous and accessible location, is included in the personnel policies and/or employee handbook, is included in job applications and employment postings, and reporting of any EEO related complaints or lawsuits filed since the last review.

Union Contracts:

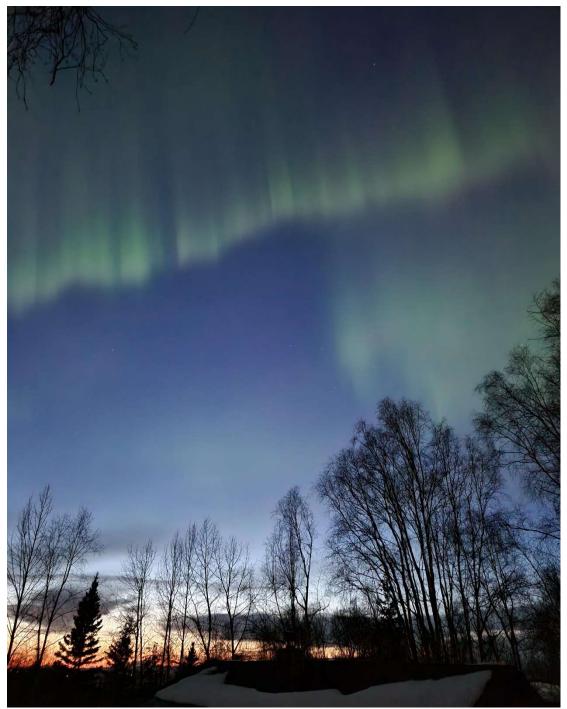
Officials with the State of Alaska (SOA) Department of Administration (DOA) Division of Personnel and Labor Relations (DOP&LR) negotiate the Bargaining Unit (BU) contracts on behalf of the statewide executive branch agencies. Input is sought from the agency leaders prior to and during negotiations to address any disparate impact.

Monitoring Complaints:

- Internally, DOT&PF's Human Resource section regularly monitors and updates a designated complaint log for incoming, ongoing, and resolved complaints.
- Externally, DOP&LR monitors all EEO discrimination complaints statewide and reports to DOT&PF.

Meetings:

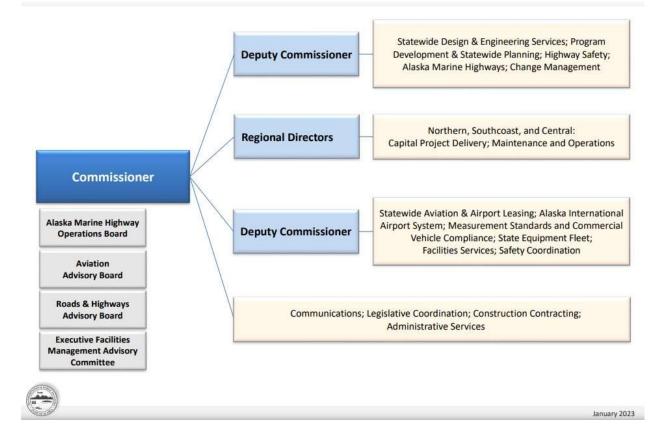
Meeting minutes from semi-annual EEOP presentations by the EEO Officer and HR Business Partner for the executive team leaders are stored electronically and are preserved according to the SOA's retention schedule. These presentations include review of the annual update for DOT&PF's EEO Plan.



Aurora borealis at sunset with moon and stars. Photo by: Matthew Epp, Alaska DOT&PF

Alaska DOT&PF Equal Employment Opportunity Plan — FY23

Alaska DOT&PF Organization



A. Race and Ethnic Category Definitions

Alaska Native or American Indian: All persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Americas and who maintain cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment. The terms "Alaska Native" and "American Indian" represents many separate groups of people with distinct ethnic and cultures throughout Alaska and the lower forty-eight. Alaska Native peoples include Iñupiaq, Yup'ik/Cup'ik, Alutiiq, Aleut, Eyak, Athabaskan (comprised by eleven cultural and linguistic groups), Tlingit, Haida, and Tsimshian.

African American and Black (not of Hispanic origin): All persons having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa.

Asian or Pacific Islander: "Asian" refers to all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian Subcontinent. This includes, for example, China, India, Japan, Korea, and the Philippine Islands. "Pacific Islander" refers to people having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, Mariana Islands, or other Pacific Islands.

Hispanic and Latino: All persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South America, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

White and Caucasian (not of Hispanic origin): All persons having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East.

B. Job Categories as defined by the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

Officials and Administrators: Occupations in which employees set broad policies, exercise overall responsibility for execution of these policies, or direct individual departments or special phases of the agency's operations, or provide specialized consultation on a regional, district, or area basis. Includes: department heads, bureau chiefs, division chiefs, directors, deputy directors, controllers, wardens, superintendents, sheriffs, police and fire chiefs and inspectors, examiners (bank, hearing, motor vehicle, warehouse), inspectors (construction, building, safety, rent-andhousing, fire, A.B.C. Board, license, dairy, livestock, transportation), assessors, tax appraisers and investigators, coroners, farm managers, and kindred workers.

Professionals: Occupations which require specialized and theoretical knowledge which is usually acquired through college training or through work experience and other training which provides comparable knowledge. Includes: personnel and labor relations workers, social workers, doctors, psychologists, registered nurses, economists, dietitians, lawyers, systems analysts, accountants, engineers, employment and vocational rehabilitation counselors, teachers or instructors, police and fire captains and lieutenants, librarians, management analysts, airplane pilots and navigators, surveyors and mapping scientists, and kindred workers.

Technicians: Occupations which require a combination of basic scientific or technical knowledge and manual skill which can be obtained through specialized post-secondary school education or through equivalent on-the-job training. Includes: computer programmers, drafters, survey and mapping technicians, licensed practical nurses, photographers, radio operators, technical illustrators, highway technicians, technicians (medical, dental, electronic, physical sciences), police and fire sergeants, inspectors (production or processing inspectors, testers and weighers), and kindred workers.

Protective Service Workers: Occupations in which workers are entrusted with public safety, security and protection from destructive forces. Includes: police, patrol officers, firefighters, guards, deputy sheriffs, bailiffs, correctional officers, detectives, marshals, harbor patrol officers, game and fish wardens, park rangers (except maintenance), and kindred workers.

Paraprofessionals: Occupations in which workers perform some of the duties of a professional or technician in a supportive role, which usually require less formal training and/or experience normally required for professional or technical status. Such positions may fall within an identified pattern of staff development and promotion under a "New Careers" concept. Includes: research assistants, medical aides, child support workers, policy auxiliary welfare service aides, recreation assistants, homemaker aides, home health aides, library assistants and clerks, ambulance drivers and attendants, and kindred workers.

Administrative Support (including Clerical and Sales): Occupations in which workers are responsible for internal and external communication, recording and retrieval of data and/or information and other paperwork required in an office. Includes: bookkeepers, messengers, clerk-typists, stenographers, court transcribers, hearing reporters, statistical clerks, dispatchers, license distributors, payroll clerks, office machine and computer operators, telephone operators, legal assistants, sales workers, cashiers, toll collectors, and kindred workers.

Skilled Craft Workers: Occupations in which workers perform jobs which require special manual skill and a thorough and comprehensive knowledge of the process involved in the work which is acquired through on-the-job training and experience or through apprenticeship or other formal training programs. Includes: mechanics and repairers, electricians, heavy equipment operators, stationary engineers, skilled machining occupations, carpenters, compositors and typesetters, power plant operators, water and sewage treatment plant operators, and kindred workers.

Service-Maintenance: Occupations in which workers perform duties which result in or contribute to the comfort, convenience, hygiene, or safety of the general public or which contribute to the upkeep and care of buildings, facilities or grounds of public property. Workers in this group may operate machinery. Includes: chauffeurs, laundry and dry cleaning operatives, truck drivers, bus drivers, garage laborers, custodial employees, gardeners and ground keepers, refuse collectors, construction laborers, park rangers (maintenance), farm workers (except managers), craft apprentices/trainees/helpers, and kindred workers.