

What is Warm Mix Asphalt?

Hot Mix Asphalt 275-325°

Warm Mix Asphalt 220-275°F

Half-Warm Mix Asphalt 180-220°F

Cold Mix Asphalt 60°F

Why the interest?

- Lower temperatures for production and lay down
- Reduce emissions
- *Reduce energy costs
- *Reduce oxidation of binder
- Other Possible Benefits:
 - Cool weather paving (extend season)
 - Compaction aid for stiff mixes

Construction Advantages

- Haul material longer distances
 - Possible increase in plant coverage area
- Increased workability
 - * Easier to compact and obtain density
- Decreased oxidation of binders during production
- Construction in colder weather

Emission Exposure

Employee	Conventional Asphalt 160- 180°C	Low Temperature Asphalt approx. 130°C
Paver Operator	6.5 mg/m³	0.4-3.1 mg/m³
Screed Operator	10.4 mg/m³	0.6-6.9 mg/m ³

BITUMEN discussion group. Practical Solutions: BITUMEN Forum – Low Temperature Asphalt. European Agency for Safety and Health at Work.

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Do Emissions Really Matter?

- Debate about asphalt fumes being carcinogenic since 1977
- NAPA objected to initial studies based on roofing
 - Roofing materials have a higher temperature than road asphalt
- 1990 Clean Air Act will significantly restrict air pollutions
- 2005 Clean Air Interstate Rule cleaner air by 2015

Do Emissions Really Matter? (cont'd)

- OSHA is still researching the affects of asphalt fumes on workers
 - Decision could change how asphalt is produced
 WMA seen as possible alternative
- Pollution reduction acts have created non-attainment areas
 - Already require very strict air pollution control
 WMA being used in some of these areas
 Allows for greater haul distances
 Plants not in non-attainment areas

Current Non-Attainment Areas



* 1997 German Bitumen Forum * 2000 Second Euroasphalt & Eurobitume Congress (Barcelona) * NAPA 2002 European Scan Tour - Germany and Norway * NAPA 2003 Annual Convention - San Diego * World of Asphalt 2004 * 2005-2006 - Numerous U.S. Field Trials * 2007 - FHWA/AASHTO Scan Tour

Goals for Warm Mix Asphalt

- Use existing Hot Mix Asphalt plants
- To meet existing standards for Hot Mix Asphalt specifications
- Focus on dense graded mixes for wearing courses
- WMA quality = Hot Mix Asphalt quality

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WAM-Foam

- Two Phase addition of asphalt
 Aggregate coated with "soft" asphalt

 - * Aggregate coated with Soft asphalt

 * Hard asphalt foamed to mix with pre-coated aggregate

 * Soft asphalt controls minimum placement temperature

 - Material placed as low as 80 C (176 F), 50 60 C (90 108 F) reduction
 Requires plant modification for foaming, estimated at \$50,000 \$70,000. No additional costs thereafter
 - Special asphalt feeds may be required

Zeolite

- Zeolites are crystalline hydrated aluminum silicates
- When the Zeolite is heated, it gives up its internal moisture, approximately 21% by weight, microscopically foaming the asphalt
- Approximately 6 lbs Advera® WMA or Asphamin® per ton
- Added where fiber would be added



Sasobit®/Sasoflex

- Fischer-Tropsch synthetic waxes **Sasobit**
 - Produced from gasification of coal or natural gas feed stocks
 - Added to binder or directly into mix
 - Can incorporate an SBS modifier using special cross-linking agent (Sasoflex)
 - Does not require high-shear blending
 - May negatively impact low temperature properties



Evotherm®

- **❖** Emulsion approximately 70% binder residue
- Chemical package provides mixing, coating, workability, compaction and adhesion (e.g. anti-stripping agents)
- Some steam liberated upon mixing

Evotherm® DAT

- Liquid added to binder
- ♦ Generally 80% binder 20% liquid
- Latest WMA technology from MeadWestvaco

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Evotherm® North American Field Trials

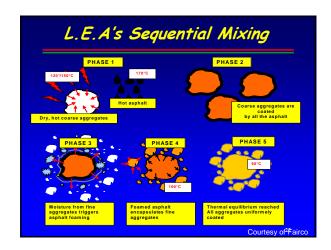
- **2005-2006**
 - San Antonio
 - Indiana
 - Ontario
 - California
 - NCAT Test Track

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Low Energy Asphalt (L.E.A)

- ♦ Hot Asphalt: 140 to 180 °C
- ♦ Hot coarse aggregates: 145 °C
- Cold & wet fine aggregates
- ♣ Final mix temperature < 100 °C</p>

Courtesy of Fairco





⋄ F	oamed asphalt via nozzle head
A	ir and water shot into binder
	Moisture added is 0.1% by wt of total mix
ф М	lixing temperatures have ranged between
2	45-275°F

Other Technologies

- SuBit (Licomont): Montanwax
 - Temp drop similar to Sasobit
- Colas
 - 2-Phase Process
 - Polyolefins
- **BAM** Low Energy Asphalt Concrete
 - Foam Process
 - **♦**195°F

Applications

- Dense-graded mixes
 - Majority of projects
 - RAP Wisconsin and Missouri
- ♦ SMA
- Maryland Washington Beltway
- Open-graded mixes
 - Florida
 - China
- Asphalt-Rubber
 - California

Reduced Emissions Data provided by suppliers.

- Aspha-min North Carolina 265°F
 - 17.6% decrease in SO₂

 - 3.2% decrease in CO₂
 35.3% decrease in total hydrocarbons
 - 6.1% decrease in NO_x
- Evotherm Canada 140°F
 - 45.8% decrease in CO₂

 - 63.1% decrease in CO
 41.2% decrease in SO₂
 58% decrease in NO_x
- Direct comparisons are discouraged different plants, different weather, different temperatures

What Have We Learned?

- WMA additives improve lab and field compaction.
- In the lab, rutting increases with lower temperatures may not translate to the field
 Moisture, trapped in the aggregates and introduced into the mix, still a concern. Can mitigate effect in lab.
- NEED TO ADJUST BURNER FOR LOWER TEMPERATURE!
- Need best practices for aggregate moisture.
- Need best paving practices.

Things We Need to Go Forward

- Larger trials Yellowstone and Texas 30 k tons
- A robust product evaluation protocol
- WE NEED A PERFORMANCE TEST!
- Better understanding of effect on rutting and moisture damage
- Procedures for mix design and QC/QA (Do they need to be different?)
- A way for Agencies to specify
 Temperature reduction?
 Binder grade?

Discussion

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