Federal Highway Program Status Report

What is the future of federal transportation programs and policies?

Fairbanks Transportation Forum
October, 2010

Future Hard to Predict

Deficits

Trust Fund Woes

Donor-Donee debate

Tax or User Fee?

Fiscal Constraint Rules



Urban-centric policies

Party in control?

New modes to share?

Rural-Urban

Cap &Trade Taxes and Rules

Outline of Issues

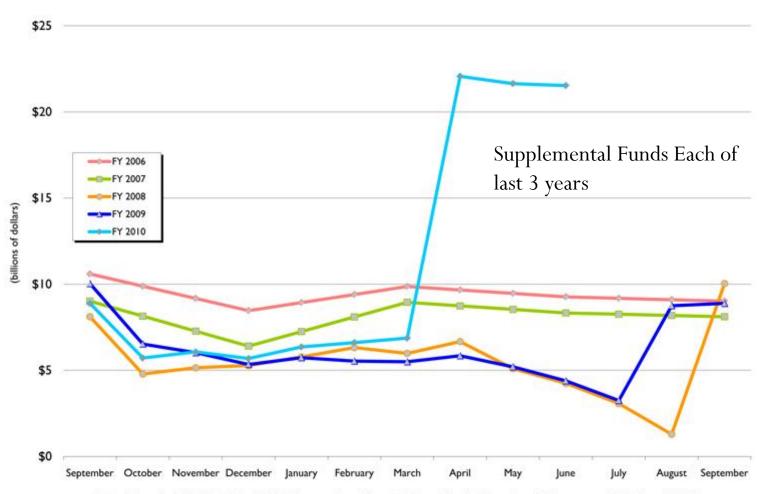
- A quick review of the federal 2010 Year
 - Highway Trust Fund balance
 - Unusual Issues
 - ARRA (Stimulus) Projects
- Transportation trends impacting the future
 - Reauthorization
 - Funding
 - Climate Change
 - Other Policy changes

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A Quick Review of 2010 and Current Status

Trust Fund Balance Over 5 Years

Highway Account Balance



Ending balance for FY 2008 includes \$8.017 billion transferred from the General Fund in September 2008 pursuant to Public Law 110-318. Ending balance for FY 2009 includes \$7 billion transferred from the General Fund in August pursuant to Public Law 111-46.

Trust Fund Issues

- Trust Fund revenue at current tax levels not meeting current spending
- Congress has added GF dollars three times to restore a positive balance
- Other budget gimmicks such as rescissions have been used repeatedly
- Since September 2009
 - One large rescission
 - One large rescission reversal
 - One medium new rescission

2010 Federal Fiscal Year

- Unusual in several respects
 - Second largest amount on record due to
 - ARRA funds (1/3 of ARRA put to contract in 2010)
 - Increase due to no earmarking
 - Late to receive (allocations not sent until April (7th month)
 - Significant funding: \$492 M FHWA + \$60 M ARRA
 - Rescissions return after short break

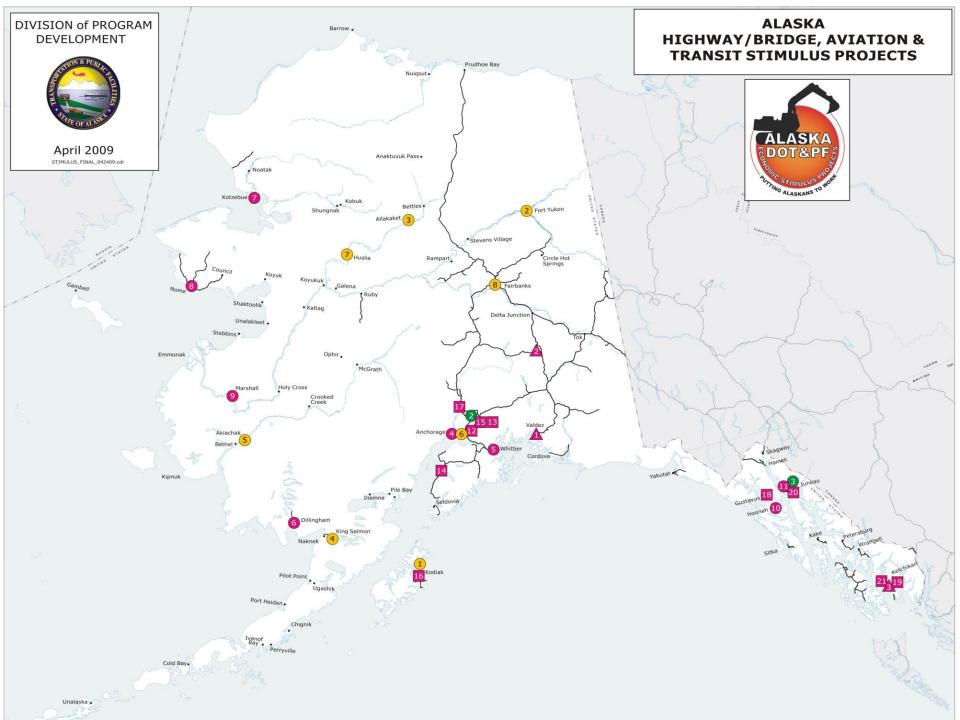
ARRA 2009/2010 (Stimulus)

- Alaska received \$255 Million in transit, highway and aviation funding
- 50 projects; selected by Legislature
- All funding has been obligated; over 66% has expended to date
- Though highly audited (multiple times) no substantive issues have been identified

ARRA 2009/2010

- Transit Funds 100% Obligated
- Aviation Funds 100% Obligated
- Highway & Bridge Funds 100% Obligated
 - 50 projects and \$255 M put to work
 - 580 jobs per month, on average, since work began
 - Work largely performed by Alaska-based contractors





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Transportation Trends 2011 and Beyond

- Reauthorization
- Funding Needs to Increase
- Climate Change Policies
- Other Policy changes

- Reauthorization
- SAFETEA-LU expired Sep. 30, 2009
 - Extended until December 2010
- Major focus is on major change of policy
- Rep. Oberstar released draft bill in 2009
 - Large funding increase overall
 - New funding focused on high speed rail, transit, freight and large cities (>500k)
 - Highway funding virtually flat
 - Details on new formulas not revealed
 - Term "Performance Measures" found 230 times in bill

- Reauthorization
- Many questions remain on when reauthorization can proceed?
 - Congressional Leadership after Nov. 2?
 - If lame duck then only 2 weeks; focus likely on many other priorities
 - From where will new funding needed be taken?
 - Time short before 2012 elections get underway
- President talking up a \$50 B new stimulus to jump start next reauthorization
 - No firm details, no action yet

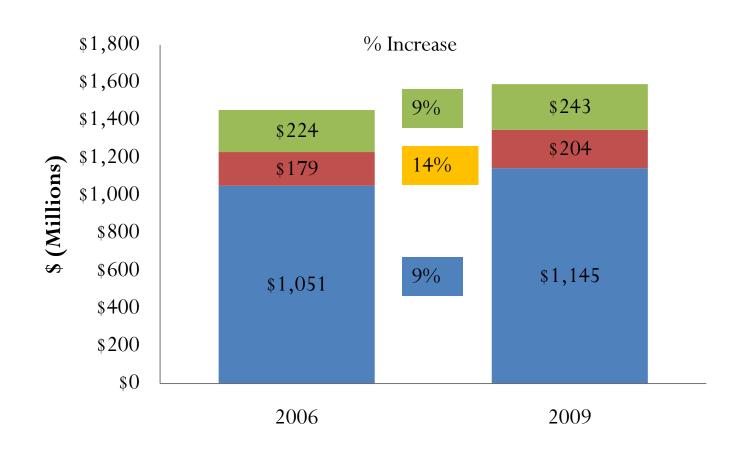
- Reauthorization
- What about 2011?
- Appears it will <u>repeat 2010</u> funding levels
 - First Continuing Resolution passed last week (63 days of funding)
 - SAFETEA-LU extended until December 31
- Congress must act to extend both in December
- A repeat of 2010 year funding levels is good for Alaska
 - Higher funding due to no earmarks

- Funding Needs to Increase
 - National reports indicate significant increase is needed to meet decline in condition and growth needs
 - Alaska data suggest we have enormous backlog
 - \$10 B in identified highway needs
 - Not including some large active reconnisance projects
 - Road to Nome (Western Access)
 - Road to Umiat (Foothills West)
 - Road to Ambler

- Funding Needs to Increase
 - Words: "Tax" or "user fee" our politics seem unwilling to break the log jamb
 - Disconnect from who pays, who gets, may be part of the problem
 - States are turning to tolls more widely
 - Some too focused on better use of existing roads
 - WSDOT "lane management" project now deployed
 - Long term, tax on liquid fuels will decline and new fund raising method must be found

Consolidated Needs Update

■ Highways/Bridges

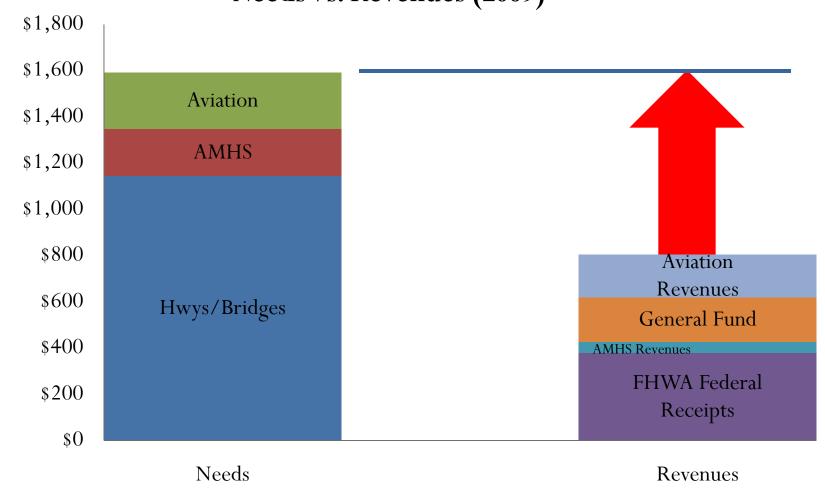


AMHS

Aviation

Needs Vs. Revenues

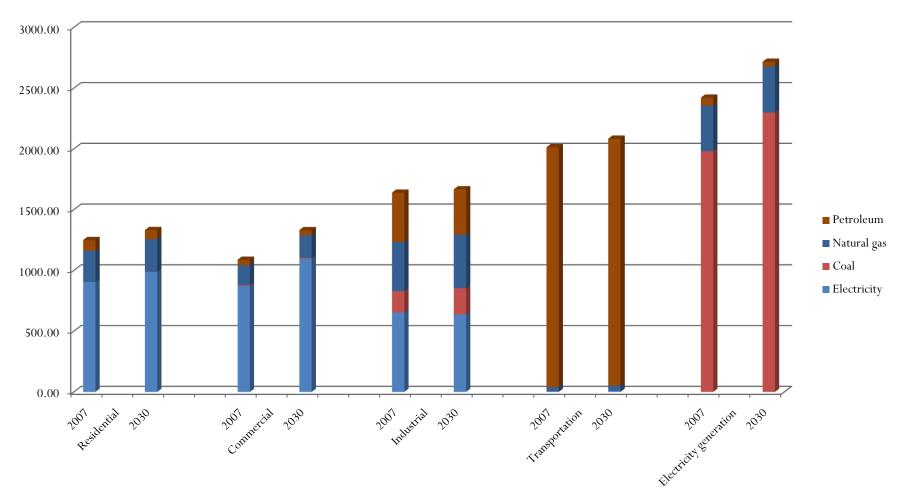




- Climate Change Policies
- EPA's future mileage regulations
 - Just released proposal to require 62 mpg fleet average in 2024
- What this means
 - Average sedan must achieve 70-80 mpg standard
 - Best recent example: Honda 2000 Insight
 - Very lightweight (frameless, aluminum body) 2 seater
 - Yielded 66 mpg; was a commercial flop
 - Today's hybrids achieve about 35-40 mpg

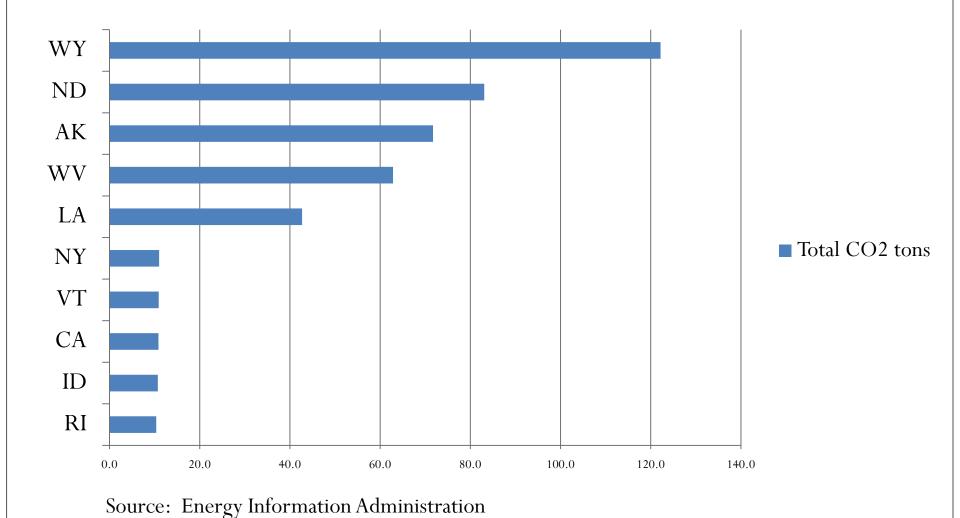
- Climate Change Policies
- Overall:
 - Carbon Pricing (e.g., Cap and Trade)
 - Efficiency Standards to Reduce Energy Usage
 - Mandates / Incentives / Subsidies for Clean Energy
- For the transportation sector:
 - <u>Cleaner Vehicles</u>: emission standards, subsidies, R&D
 - Cleaner Fuels: mandates, incentives for biofuels, NG
 - Reduce VMT: planning, land use change, pricing, turn to other modes, etc.
 - <u>Improve Operations</u>: ITS, eco-driving & other strategies

CO₂ Emissions by Sector/Fuel 2007 & 2030

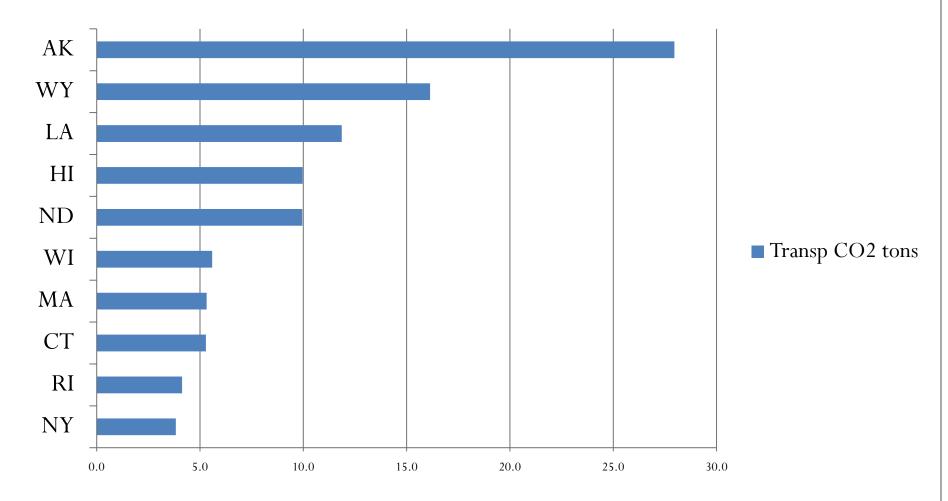


Source: Energy Information Administration

Total Per Capita Tons CO₂ top 5 and bottom 5 states



Transportation Per Capita Tons CO₂ top 5 and bottom 5 states

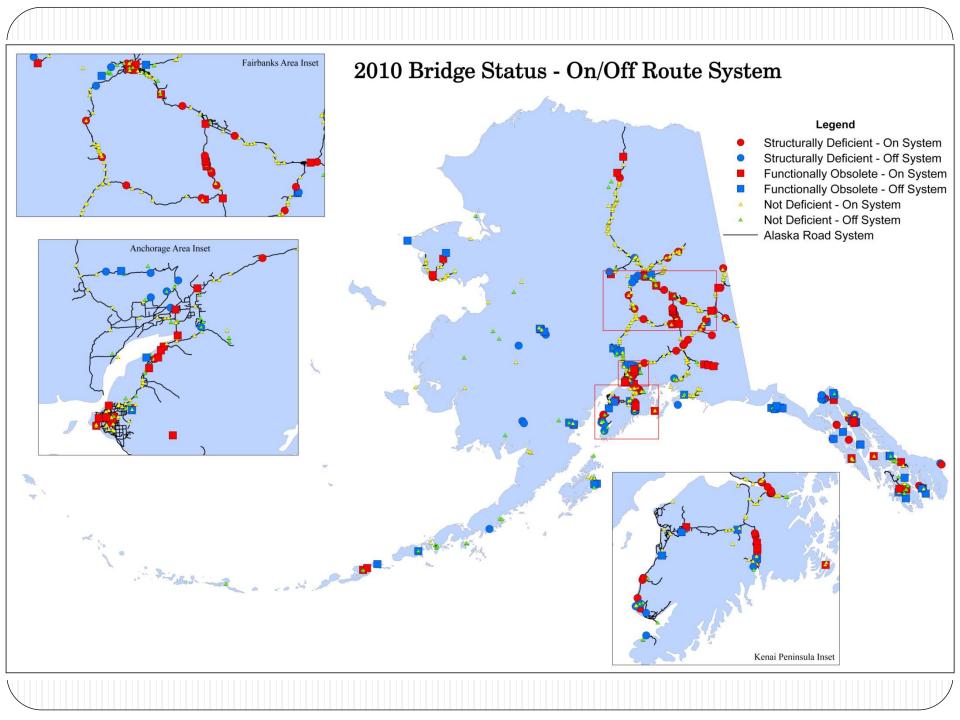


Source: Energy Information Administration



- Other Policies:
- Livability and sustainability
 - Current buzz words in Washington, DC
 - Generally means, tight, compact urban development, with reliance on non-auto transportation
 - Of little relevance in much of Alaska, where affordable access to basic human needs is the imperative.
 - Grant funding rules reduces Alaska projects chances...they don't fit the mold
 - Tiger I and Tiger II grants: Alaska achieved but one project for \$3 Million over 2 years

- Other Policies
 - Performance Based Planning / Programming (Asset Management)
 - Systematic means of measuring conditions and applying resources to sustain long-term investments
 - Funding tied to each state DOT's performance
 - Case Study Alaska bridges
 - 2010-2013 STIP contained > 40 major bridge projects over 4 years (10 per year)
 - 2010 bridge inspection revealed 30 additional bridges with problems
 - Net is ± 10 improved and -30 bridges added to list



Key Take-Aways

- Transportation policy rapidly changing
 - Significant new directions are possible
- Funding very problematic
 - Most recognize need for more funding; but no solution is apparent
- Congress must act by year end:
 - Thus 2010 election may influence the outcome sharply
- 2011 year likely continues status quo



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